

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Mod: \_\_\_\_\_

### American History Honors

#### Mass Culture (16.1, 16.2, 16.4) Take-Home Quiz

This assignment is due Monday, January 29, 2007.

Select the letter of the term, name, or phrase that best matches each description. Note: Some letters may not be used at all. Some may be used more than once.

- |                    |                              |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| A. skyscraper      | F. Boston                    |
| B. Central Park    | G. George Eastman            |
| C. Louis Sullivan  | H. Richmond                  |
| D. Brooklyn Bridge | I. Frederick Law Olmsted     |
| E. Daniel Burnham  | J. Orville and Wilbur Wright |

- \_\_\_\_ 1. He invented the Kodak camera.
- \_\_\_\_ 2. These pioneer aviators helped make airmail possible.
- \_\_\_\_ 3. This city's Back Bay area was originally a 450-acre swamp.
- \_\_\_\_ 4. Elevators and steel supports helped make this land-saver possible.
- \_\_\_\_ 5. This landscape architect spearheaded the movement for planned urban parks.
- \_\_\_\_ 6. Completed in 1883, this "eighth wonder of the world" that connected Brooklyn to Manhattan took 14 years to build.
- \_\_\_\_ 7. This was intended to soothe the inhabitants of New York City and let them enjoy a "natural setting."
- \_\_\_\_ 8. This architectural pioneer designed the "proud and soaring, " ten-story Wainwright building in St. Louis, Missouri.
- \_\_\_\_ 9. This architect created an overall plan for Chicago that included a lakefront of elegant parks.
- \_\_\_\_ 10. This was the first American city to electrify its urban transit.
11. Identify two turn-of-the-century inventions or developments that particularly affected the lives of urban dwellers, and explain what those effects were.

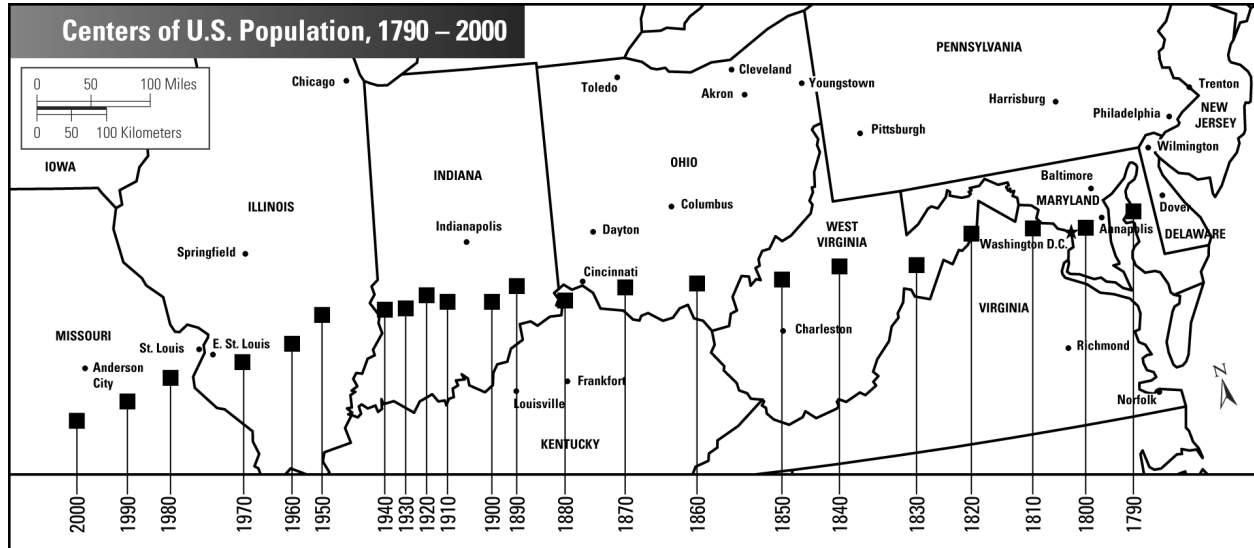
If the statement is true, write "true" on the line. If it is false, change the underlined word or words to make it true.

- \_\_\_\_\_ 12. By 1910, most immigrants continued to be excluded from public secondary education.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Mod: \_\_\_\_\_

- \_\_\_\_\_ 13. Theodore Dreiser was the first African American to receive a Ph.D. from Harvard University. He proposed that educated African Americans attempt to achieve immediate inclusion into mainstream American life.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 14. W.E.B. Du Bois founded Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute in an effort to enable African Americans to teach and to do agricultural, domestic, or mechanical work. "No race, " he said, "can prosper till it learns that there is as much dignity in tilling a field as in writing a poem."
- \_\_\_\_\_ 15. The Niagara Movement urged African Americans to earn degrees in liberal arts and provide the African-American community with well-educated leaders.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 16. U.S. commissioner of education William Torrey Harris helped establish kindergartens in public school systems.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 17. Thomas Eakins was an American painter who embraced realism, the belief that art and literature should present life in a realistic manner.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 18. American novelist Stephen Crane wrote humorous works and adventure stories, such as *The Adventures of Huckleberry Finn*, that have since become accepted as classics of American literature.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 19. Montgomery Ward and Sears and Roebuck created "five-and-dime stores" that brought department store merchandise to farmers and residents of small towns.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 20. The United States Post Office boosted mail-order businesses in 1896 by introducing a rural free delivery system that brought packages directly to every home.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 21. Joseph Pulitzer and William Randolph Hearst competed to capture mass audiences for their motion pictures.
22. What are some ways in which businesses helped to make Americans' lives more enjoyable in the early 1900s? Explain your ideas.

Using the exhibit, answer the following questions.



23. What general trend in the movement of the center of population is evident from the map?
  
24. How does the rate of shift in the population center between 1790 and 1900 contrast to the shift between 1900 and 2000?
  
25. What could account for this difference?
  
26. Which three cities on the map would be most justified in claiming to be centers of population and in what years?
  
27. What change in the population could explain the fact that a line connecting the centers of population until 1940 is almost directly west?

Choose the letter of the best answer.

- \_\_\_\_ 28. The factor that prevented the greatest number of children from attending public high schools was
- |             |                             |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| A. racism.  | C. language differences.    |
| B. poverty. | D. transportation problems. |

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Mod: \_\_\_\_\_

- \_\_\_\_ 29. Cities in the late 19th century expanded with the development of all of the following **except**
- A. subways.
  - B. skyscrapers.
  - C. airplanes.
  - D. suspension bridges.
- \_\_\_\_ 30. Daniel Burnham's plan for the city of Chicago emphasized
- A. blocks of skyscrapers.
  - B. a lakefront park system.
  - C. a network of bicycle paths.
  - D. hidden electric lines.
- \_\_\_\_ 31. Skyscrapers were made possible by the invention of
- A. safer fire escapes.
  - B. larger bricks and stronger cement.
  - C. the elevator and a steel framework.
  - D. the airplane and the bicycle.
- \_\_\_\_ 32. In the Southwest, many Mexicans earned a living as
- A. railroad workers and agricultural laborers.
  - B. small business owners.
  - C. dockworkers and canal diggers.
  - D. household servants and mail carriers.