

NAME _____

American History, Chapter 10: The Union in Peril, 1848-1861

Test Study Guide and Guided Notes

Test Format:

Matching; True/False; Multiple Choice

NOTE: There are two large matching sections of major names and events. These are very important to study!

Concepts to Review:

- ✓ Understand some of the major historical debates about this time period discussed at the beginning of the unit.
- ✓ Similarities and Differences between North and South (i.e. North more industrial; South more agricultural; etc.); **List how North and South were becoming more separated/different over time:**
- ✓ Criticisms of northerners towards southerners; southern criticisms of the North?
- ✓ George Fitzhugh - What was his famous publication? What was his argument?
- ✓ Frederick Douglass - Famous publication? What was his argument?
- ✓ Great Debate of 1850:
 - John C. Calhoun (south) - Argument?
 - Daniel Webster's famous Seventh of March Speech - Argument?
- ✓ **Compromise of 1850** - know the components, what was the most offensive component to the North?
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- ✓ Why was Uncle Tom's Cabin significant?
- ✓ What were nativists opposed to? (review the notes)
- ✓ Know Nothing Party (originally American Party);
- ✓ Define **naturalization**
- ✓ What issues did the Republicans grow upon in the 1850s?

- ✓ **Kansas-Nebraska Act of 1854 (WHO introduced this bill? _____) -**
Components:

Why controversial?

NOTE: It was the Kansas-Nebraska Act that actually repealed the _____, and not the Compromise of 1850!!!! (often confused by many)

- ✓ Be familiar with “Bleeding Kansas” - what events caused turmoil?
- ✓ Lecompton Constitution (1857) -
What is this?
- ✓ Charles Sumner’s *Crime Against Kansas* and subsequent caning
(what happened?)
- ✓ *Dred Scott v. Sandford (1857); Roger Taney, Chief Justice* - significance? what was the decision?
- ✓ Know the significance of the Lincoln-Douglas debates of 1858 and Lincoln’s famous “House Divided” speech
- ✓ Why was John Brown significant? What did he attempt to do in 1859?
- ✓ **Election of 1860:**
 - Why did **William Henry Seward** lose the nomination of the Republican Party to run for President in 1860?
 - Know the 4 candidates and their parties
(write in names of candidates, parties, vote results, region of the country each candidate represented)

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- Know the platforms of the parties involved, with regards to slavery and the impending crisis: Republicans, Southern Democrats, Northern Democrats, Constitutional Union Party
- Know the results of the election (and why the lower South seceded)
- ✓ **Secession Crisis:**
 - **ORDER OF SECESSION:**
 - Lower South states - WHY?
 - Upper South states - WHY?
 - Border states (remained in the union) - **Name the states:**

FILL IN THE MAP - Label Union, Lower South Confederacy, Upper South Confederacy and Border States



- Why were southern states so upset that Lincoln had been elected?
- What was Lincoln's view on secession?
- What was formed with the Lower South seceded?
- What happened at Fort Sumter?
- When was Fort Sumter attacked?
- What was the response of Lincoln?
- And northerners?
- How did the Upper South respond to Lincoln's calling of troops?
- Jefferson Davis (MS) → President of the Confederacy