

Between now and the test, **you are responsible for reading both chapters and knowing the necessary information detailed below.**

Dictators Threaten World Peace (Section 24.1)

Fascism

Know the three dictators: Benito Mussolini, Josef Stalin, Adolf Hitler

Why was Hitler and/or his message so popular in Germany?

Know the major chain of events leading to World War II, including Francisco Franco's Spanish Civil War → this was discussed in groups!

Review the rise of militarism in Japan.

What country did Japan attack in 1931?

How did the United States respond to growing problems abroad?

- Neutrality Acts
- Japanese Problems / *Panay* incident

Coming War in Europe (Section 24.2)

(review the slides)

Appeasement (Munich Conference)

Why was Hitler's invasion of Poland significant?

Significance of the Fall of France

The Holocaust (Section 24.3)

The Holocaust – what was the holocaust?

What was Hitler's goal in the Holocaust?

America Moves Towards War (Section 24.4)

What was the American response to the dawn of World War II abroad? How did this change by 1940?

“cash-and-carry” (1939 Neutrality Act)

What was the Tripartite Pact? What did these three countries have in common?

destroyers-for-bases deal

Lend-Lease Act

Why was Josef Stalin an “unlikely bedfellow” for the Allies?

Role of Winston Churchill

What was the Atlantic Charter? What were the “war goals” defined in this charter?

Why did Japan attack Pearl Harbor? (U.S. enters the war after Pearl Harbor)

Mobilizing for War (Section 25.1)

Why did FDR create the Office of War Mobilization?

What was the cost-plus system?

Why did union membership increase during the war?

Wildcat strikes

Smith-Connally Act

How did the US finance the war?

Why did the Office of Price Administration create a rationing program?

The War for Europe and North Africa (Section 25.2)

After the US entered the war, which country did the Allies agree to concentrate their energy first?

European Theatre

What was Hitler’s mistake in Russia?

What was the result of the Battle of Stalingrad?

Why did the Allies open a second front in North Africa?

What was the result of the Casablanca Conference (and who attended)?

What was Operation Torch, which generals led the campaign, and what were the results?

What was the result of the invasion of Sicily?

What were the results of the Italian campaign?

Teheran Conference (significance, who met, results?)

How was the D-day invasion significant? What were the results?

What was the Battle of the Bulge?

Yalta Conference (significance, who met, results?)

What were the major events in April-May 1945? (will be discussed in class)

The War in the Pacific (Section 24.3)

Pacific Theatre

Why were the Battles of Coral Sea and Midway significant?

What was the “island hopping campaign” and who designed it?

Which general led the invasion campaigns in the Pacific and promised to “return” to the Philippines?

Why was the Battle of Guadalcanal significant (or a turning point)?

Why were the conquest of Guam and the Marianas Islands significant for the Allies (US)?

Why was the Battle of Leyte Gulf significant?

What were the last two battles in the Pacific and why were they disastrous?

Who was credited with the theory of relativity and convinced FDR to begin the atomic project?

What was the Manhattan Project?

Who led the Manhattan Project?

Why did Truman decide to drop the atomic bomb? (list reasons given in class and textbook)

Final Conference: Potsdam Conference (significance, who met, results?)

What was the result of the dropping of a-bombs on Hiroshima and Nagasaki?

The Home Front (Section 25.4)

Who were GIs? Know the GI Bill (1944)

How did women serve in the war? Did they serve in combat duty?

How did African Americans serve in the war?

How did Mexican Americans serve in the war?

How did Native Americans serve in the war?

Who was Rosie the Riveter?

How were women in the workforce paid?

What types of women went to work during the war?

Why did women go back to the home once the war was over?

“Double V” campaign

A. Philip Randolph and the March on Washington

Congress of Racial Equality (CORE)

Smith v. Allright (1944)

Bracero program

Zoot Suit Riots

What were internment camps?

Why were Japanese punished and not other immigrant groups? (Did we see the same fear of German and Italian immigrants in WW II as was seen in WW I?)

How did Japanese-Americans respond to internment camps?

Korematsu v. United States (1944)